

The Revised JMIs 2017-2018

(Session 6)

TWG Network Meeting 6-7 February 2017



Outline

- Recalling the rationale
- The revised JMIs
- 3 main observations
- Conclusion





Recalling

- The new JMIs formulated by TWG in early 2014:
 - Based on principles of mutual accountability for achieving development results (more results-based)
 - Provide a framework for setting medium-term goals based on development outcomes, prioritized in RS III and operationalized in NSDP 2014-2018
 - 5-year outcome, covering the period 2014-2018 with 2-year output to guide the TWG work
 - Part of overall monitoring and reporting
 - Evidence-based for CDC analysis
- Based on the context, experience, and lesson learned, a new set of JMIs has to be identified for 2017-2018.
- The set will be submitted to the PM for endorsement.



The Revised JMIs

- 15 JMIs have been identified for the 2017-2018 period.
- JMI on Land has been removed.
- 3 JMIs and 1 MI are still in the formulation process.
 - PFM; SP,FS&N; PSD and Anti-corruption
- Still welcome the remaining JMIs.
- To verify and endorse on your JMI (in the table distributed)





1. REPRIORITISING issue?

- NSDP MTR, SDG localization, IDP, DFA, and sector reviews
 - → must look at development in terms of results
- A need for strong collaboration, economic transition thinking, and good link between sector and national plan (NSDP)
- Generally, we see this in the new JMIs revised (outputs and indicators)





2. Revisit the JMI framework & process?

- What are the top development priorities/issues for us now?
- TWGs to reconsider the value of their JMIs and review the process to ensure relevant and sufficient support to the RGC
- TWGs to reconsider their relevance and revise their membership and partnership mechanism

i.e. A new TWG on Climate Change? The JMI on Climate Change? PSD? PFM? Land? Forestry?





3. Way forward for reinforcing JMI implementation?

- Strengthening institutions & partnerships to deliver results?
- The JMIs (as well as the DFA) requires coordinated action at central agency level as well as at line ministry level. What are the most urgent issues/reforms for each in order to take Cambodia forward and adequately monitor progress in its next phase of national development?



